Birds of Goa'

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Very little published information is available on the bird life of Goa during its occupancy by the Portuguese. Even after independence no work appears to have been done. Therefore Shri S. S. Bhattee (Conservator of Forests, Goa, Daman & Diu) invited the Bombay Natural History Society to conduct an ornithological survey. Accordingly a team of five consisting of Shri J. D. Panday, R. J. Pimento, M. U. Mahadik and ourselves made a brief field survey for 16 days, from 27th November to 12th December 1972.

Since the survey was so brief, only a rather superficial sampling of the total area could be done. Field work was confined mainly to 3 of the more forested localities, namely Molem, Canacona and Valpoi. It consisted of recording of species by observation and collecting specimens when necessary. 150 specimens of 100 species were collected and an additional 54 species sight recorded.

The following list is obviously incomplete. It does not include many other species which must certainly occur in Goa either as residents or as migrants, and it is hoped that a further more extensive survey will be possible for the record to be completed. For lists of birds that have been recorded in the adjoining areas see, for North Kanara, Davidson, J. (1898): *JBNHS* 2 parts, Vols. 11 and 12; for Karnataka, Sálim Ali (1942-43): ibid. 5 parts. Vols. 43 and 44.

PHYSIOGRAPHY

Goa is a tract of undulating country on the western seaboard of India, wedged between the Arabian Sea on the west and the Sahyadri range (Western Ghats) on the east. It lies between latitudes 14°53' and 15°48' N., and longitudes 73°45' and 74°24' E., and covers an area of 3370 square kilometres (IMPERIAL GAZETTEER OF INDIA Vol. 12, p. 249). The State abuts on the Savantvadi taluka of Ratnagiri district (Maharashtra) in the north, and on the Dharwar district of Karnataka on the east and south. The crest of the Sahyadri range running N-S virtually forms the entire eastern boundary. Luxuriant evergreen and semi-evergreen forests occur in deep gorges and ravines in the northeastern and southeastern portions adjoining Karnataka. Tree growth is mostly stunted on the precipitous hillsides. The rainfall in this forest zone varies between 5100 and 7600 mm per annum, all during the SW monsoon. Under the erstwhile Portuguese regime the zone of evergreens was classified as "A" class forest and far sightedly preserved "for regulation of the climate and water flow, and conservation of soil in the hill tracts." Moist-deciduous forests, mostly secondary and degraded, occur along the foothills of the Sahyadris. They were classified as the "B" type, and being more accessible were exploited, often wastefully, for commercial timber and fuel. Class "C" forests -also Moist-deciduous, but occurring around villages and habitations—were earmarked for the domestic requirements of the local popu-

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lation: for agricultural purposes, firewood, leaf fodder for cattle, and for *cumeri* or shifting cultivation. Vast areas of excellent forest everywhere in Goa, especially on the higher hill slopes, have been ruined and rendered unproductive by this pernicious practice.

WILDLIFE

As a result of official encouragement, and even incentives, given to hunters during the Portuguese colonial administration the forests have been effectively denuded of all wildlife, especially mammals, Birds of Prey and other large birds. During a week's survey of the forested area at Molem-now hopefully established as a wildlife sanctuary—not a single large mammal was heard or seen-not even any spoor—except one Giant Squirrel (Ratufa). The entire Molem, Carranzol and Neterlim valleys adjoining Karnataka were completely dead though densely covered with magnificent semi-evergreen and moist-deciduous forest. Wild animals such as gaur, sambar and pig are said occasionally to stray in from across the border, from Dandeli Wildlife Sanctuary of Karnataka, and with adequate protection the Forest Department hopes to rehabilitate these and other species here. The only other wild mammal seen during the Survey was a leopard cat (Felis bengalensis) that had been shot anonymously and propped up in the middle of a forest road in the Canacona area!

Large areas of degraded forest at Valpoi and elsewhere have been clear felled by the Forest Department and planted with teak, rubber, eucalyptus, cocoa and cashew, and the impact of this intrusion, mostly exotics, on indigenous bird life will repay careful monitoring.

An excursion was made to the top of Vagheri in Valpoi taluka, just under 1000 m and said to be the highest hill in Goa. This was specially

in order to establish whether or not the plant genus *Rubus* (brambles) and its symbiotic bird genus *Garrulax* (laughing thrushes) also occur in Goa as both do in the Kerala ranges a couple of hundred metres above this elevation. While bracken (*Pteridium* sp.) another regular member of this plant-bird association, was plentiful near the top, there was no sign of *Rubus* or *Garrulax* although otherwise the biotope seemed eminently appropriate.

Systematic list

The measurements of the specimens collected, are given in the following order: Body weight (in grams), wing length, bill, tarsus, and tail (in mm). Bill has been measured from skull. Unless otherwise stated, all the species recorded are within their known geographical range of distribution. Subspecies are given only for the birds actually collected and examined, although it is unlikely that the identity of the others would be different from those of better worked adjoining areas.

- 1. Ardeola grayii (Sykes) Pond Heron Noted: Molem, Canacona
- 2. Bubulcus ibis (Linnaeus) Cattle Egret Noted: Valpoi
- 3. Elanus caeruleus (Desfontaines) Blackwinged Kite

Noted: Maem, Molem

4. Pernis ptilorhynchus ruficollis Lesson Crested Honey Buzzard Collected: Canacona ♂ 1050 g. c. 440, 42 52 263. Dark and pale tail bands of equal breadth,

Dark and pale tail bands of equal breadth, and the wing-tail index less than 65 (i.e. 60).

- Milvus migrans (Boddaert) Pariah Kite Noted in urban areas.
- 6. Haliastur indus (Boddaert) Brahminy Kite Noted: Maem Lake environs
- 7. Accipiter badius dussumieri (Temminck)

Shikra Collected: Molem, Valpoi Grey Junglefowl ♂---183 138 21 ♀ 233 g 195 54 154 Elsewhere noted: Canacona Bustard-Ouail 8. Accipiter trivirgatus (Temminck) Crested Goshawk Noted: Molem 9. Butastur teesa (Franklin) White-eyed Noted: Canacona Buzzard-Eagle Collected: Molem Noted: North Goa

♀450 g 305 30 67 164 Elsewhere noted: Maem Lake environs, Canacona

10. Ictinaetus malayensis (Temminck) Black Eagle Noted: Canacona

11. Gyps bengalensis (Gmelin) Whitebacked Vulture

Noted: Canacona

12. Spilornis cheela melanotis (Jerdon) Peninsular Serpent Eagle Collected: Molem ♂1200 g 416 42 101 258

13. Pandion haliaetus (Linnaeus) Osprey Noted: Canacona

14. Falco peregrinus peregrinator Sundevall Shahin Falcon Noted: Molem

15. Falco tinnunculus interstinctus McClelland Kestrel Collected: Molem d 150 g 259 21 42 171 Elsewhere noted: Canacona Although the specimen is in subadult plumage it is paler than other subspecies in subadult plumage.

16. Coturnix coturnix (Linnaeus) Grey Quail Noted: Valpoi

17. Galloperdix spadicea (Gmelin) Red Spurfowl Noted: Various localities

18. Gallus sonneratii Temminck Noted: Molem, Canacona

19. Turnix suscitator (Gmelin) Common

Noted: Various localities

20. Amaurornis phoenicurus (Pennant) Whitebreasted Waterhen

21. Fulica atra Linnaeus Coot

22. Vanellus indicus (Boddaert) Redwattled Lapwing

Noted: Molem, Canacona

23. Tringa ochropus Linnaeus Green Sandpiper

Noted: Maem Lake

24. Gelochelidon nilotica (Gmelin) Gullbilled Tern Noted: North Goa

25. Treron pompadora affinis (Jerdon) Greyfronted Green Pigeon Collected: Valpoi ♂146 g 20 23 moult 142

20 ♀ 153 g 144 22 Elsewhere noted: Molem, Canacona

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26. Ducula badia (Raffles) Imperial Pigeon Noted: Canacona

27. Columba livia Gmelin Blue Rock Pigeon Noted: Canacona

28. Columba elphinstonii (Sykes) Nilgiri Wood Pigeon Collected: Molem 0? 340 g 203 157 28 26 Elsewhere noted: Canacona

29. Streptopelia orientalis erythrocephala Bonaparte Rufous Turtle Dove Noted: Maem Lake environs, Molem

30. Streptopelia chinensis (Scopoli) Rufous Turtle Dove Noted: Maem Lake environs, Molem

31. Streptopelia senegalensis (Linnaeus)

Little Brown Dove Noted: Canacona

32. Chalcophaps indica (Linnaeus) Emerald Dove

Noted: Molem

- 33. Psittacula cyanocephala cyanocephala (Linnaeus) Blossomheaded Parakeet Collected: Molem

 369 g 140 18 (from cere) c. 11 219

 63 g 130 17 (from cere) c. 11 150

 Elsewhere noted: Canacona
- Psittacula columboides (Vigors) Bluewinged Parakeet Noted: Canacona, Molem. Generally common.
- 35. Loriculus vernalis (Sparrman) Lorikeet Noted: Valpoi
- 36. Cuculus micropterus Gould Indian Cuckoo

Noted: Canacona

- 37. Eudynamys scolopacea scolopacea
 (Linnaeus) Koel
 Collected: Canacona
 ♂162 g 193 31 34 198
 Elsewhere noted: Molem
- 38. Centropus sinensis parroti Stresemann Crow-pheasant Collected: Molem

 § 312 g 195 43 57 255

 Elsewhere noted: Canacona
- Glaucidium radiatum (Tickell) Barred Owlet Noted: Maem Lake environs, Molem, Canacona, Valpoi
- 40. Eurostopodus macrotis (Vigors) Great Eared Nightjar
 Noted: Valpoi. The characteristic whistling whi-wheeew calls were regularly heard in the evening at dusk.
- 41. Caprimulgus indicus indicus Latham Jungle Nightjar Collected: Valpoi

8 do g 189 24 14 125
By plumage and measurements it is difficult to differentiate *indicus* from the closely resembling neighbouring race *hazarae* without a series.

- 42. Caprimulgus macrurus atripennis Jerdon Longtailed Nightjar
 Collected: Canacona
 374 g 186 24 19 131
- 43. Chaetura sylvatica (Tickell) Whiterumped Spinetail Swift
 Collected: Molem
 o? 13 g 113 9 10 35
- 44. Cypsiurus parvus (Lichtenstein) Palm Swift

Noted: Molem

- 45. Hemiprocne longipennis (Rafinesque)
 Crested Tree Swift
 Noted: Molem, Canacona, feeding parties
 over forest with characteristic whit-tuck
 calls.
- 46. Harpactes fasciatus malabaricus (Gould)
 Malabar Trogon
 Collected: Molem, Canacona
 δ 64 g 125 20 15 158
 2 9 9 60 g, 64 g, 123,125 20,21 16,16 158,
 166
 Call, a deliberate unhurried cue-cue,
 three or four times repeated.
- 47. Alcedo atthis taprobana Kleinschmidt Small Blue Kingfisher Collected: Molem 9 23 g 69 42 10 30
- 48. Alcedo meninting ssp? Blue-eared Kingfisher
 Collected: Canacona, Molem

Collected: Canacona, Molem & 25 g & 71 & 44 & 11 & 31 & 28 g & 71 & 43 & 9 & 31

By distribution and characters this specimen falls in ssp. *coltarti* Baker, but there is no way of distinguishing it from *rufigaster*. Humayun Abdulali (*JBNHS 64*:174) has already

indicated that it is difficult to separate rufigaster from coltarti.

- 49. Halcyon smyrnensis (Linnaeus) Whitebreasted Kingfisher Noted: Maem Lake, Molem, Canacona
- Merops philippinus Linnaeus Bluetailed Bee-eater Noted: Maem Lake, near Bicholim, small numbers.
- Merops orientalis Latham Little Green Bee-eater Noted: Molem, Canacona
- 53. Nyctyornis athertoni (Jardine & Selby)
 Bluebearded Bee-eater
 Noted: Molem (JDP)

An immature solo, apparently a straggler. Remiges and primary coverts freshly moulted. Rectrices and body plumage very worn. One of the two southernmost records from peninsular India, the earlier being from Karwar immediately south of Goa.

55. Coracias benghalensis ssp? Roller or Blue Jay Collected: Molem

\$ 115 g 175 38 26 122

Elsewhere noted: Canacona

Nuchal collar is entirely absent, and it is lighter green on the upperparts than the subspecies *indica*. This specimen is not distinguishable from the northern race *bengalensis*. However, according to the range arbitrarily fixed, the specimen should be considered as *indica*. Commonly seen singly on telegraph wires.

56. *Upupa epops* ssp? Hoopoe Collected: Molem

o? 59 g Wing — Bill 56 Ts 25 Tl— In plumage and measurements the specimen agrees with the subspecies *epops* Linnaeus as well as with *saturata* Lönnberg. There is no character distinct enough to separate *epops* from *saturata*. Ali & Ripley (HANDBOOK 4: 127) consider *saturata* as of questionable validity.

Elsewhere noted: Canacona

bar Grey Hornbill
Collected: Molem
336 g 210 102 42 229
Elsewhere noted: Canacona
Dipping flight in silhouette very like Nyctyornis or Megalaima virens.

57. Tockus griseus griseus (Latham) Mala-

58. Anthracoceros coronatus coronatus
(Boddaert) Malabar Pied Hornbill
Collected: Molem

\$\phi\$ 1000 g 310 204 (from forehead) 160
(from gape) 51 310
Elsewhere noted: Canacona.

Orbital skin, cheek pads and gular skin pinkish creamy white. Bill creamy white. 2/3 of casque (terminal) and patch at base of lower mandible black.

59. Buceros bicornis Linnaeus Great Pied HornbillNoted: Molem

Party of 3 (RJP) Canacona

60. Megalaima zeylanica inornata Walden Large Green Barbet Collected: Molem 3 123 g 123 36 30 71

62. Megalaima rubricapilla malabarica (Blyth) Crimsonthroated Barbet Collected: Molem 82 18 21 38 In evergreen forest. Call like haemacephala, but faster in tempo.

63. Micropternus brachyurus jerdonii (Malherbe) Rufous Woodpecker Collected: Molem 130 30 ♂108 g 23 69 Elsewhere noted: Canacona

64. Dinopium benghalense puncticolle (Malherbe) Goldenbacked Woodpecker Collected: Canacona ♂132 g 149 44 tail moult 26 The southern birds have been separated into two races; puncticolle having orange-yellow back and tehminae having golden oliveyellow back. However, it is hard to place this specimen or many others in the BNHS collection, obtained from various regions, under either of the races with certainty as the extent of gold and orange on the back is highly variable and not restricted to birds from any one area.

65. Dryocopus javensis (Horsfield) Great Black Woodpecker Noted: Molem (JDP), Canacona

66. Picoides nanus hardwickii (Jerdon) Browncrowned Pigmy Woodpecker Collected: Molem ♀ 15 g 75 16 15 35

Elsewhere noted: Valpoi

67. Hemicircus canente (Lesson) Heartspotted Woodpecker Collected: Molem and Canacona 233 35, 38 g 93, 96

23, 24 19, 19 33, 34 19 17 34

♀30 g 92

Elsewhere noted: Molem: Pairs, Canacona: Common

58. Chrysocolaptes lucidus chersonesus Kloss Larger Goldenbacked Woodpecker Collected: Valpoi

2 ♀ ♀ 163, 164 g 152, 157 46, 49 31, 32 80, 82

This race has been separated from sultaneus and guttacristatus by the intensity of yellow and olive on the back. However, these specimens and others in the BNHS collection vary considerably in the extent of coloration inconsistent with the locality.

69. Calandrella cinerea (Gmelin) Short-toed Lark

Noted: Canacona, in flocks

70. Galerida malabarica (Scopoli) Malabar Crested Lark Collected: Canacona 98 16 54

71. Hirundo rupestris Scopoli

Crag Martin Noted: Valpoi

Distinguished from Dusky Crag Martin in overhead flight by pale underparts contrasting with blackish under tail-coverts.

72. Hirundo rustica Linnaeus Swallow Noted: Panaii

73. Hirundo daurica Linnaeus Striated Swallow Noted: Molem. Abundant on telegraph

wires. Rump whitish. Subspecies rufula or nipalensis

74. Lanius schach caniceps Blyth Rufousbacked Shrike Collected: Molem ♂28g 89 21 28

Elsewhere noted: Maem environs, Canacona.

75. Lanius cristatus cristatus Linnaeus Brown Shrike Collected: Molem ♂32 g 89 19 26

76. Oriolus oriolus kundoo Sykes Golden Oriole Collected: Molem ♂60 g 142 31 24

Elsewhere noted: Canacona

77. Oriolus xanthornus (Linnaeus)
Blackheaded Oriole
Noted: Molem, Canacona

78. Dicrurus adsimilis (Bechstein)

Black Drongo Collected: Molem & 49 g 151 23

Tail central 153 outer 103

Two subspecies are recognized from India: Dicrurus adsimilis albirictus and Dicrurus adsimilis macrocercus, separated only on size. The former (northern) has wing 145-165 and the latter (peninsular) 130-145. Perhaps if more specimens with such long wings can be obtained from the south we might be able to group all the Indian populations in a single cline. Alternatively there may be a certain amount of migration from the north into peninsular India in winter, and the above specimen may be one of such migrants.

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79. Dicrurus leucophaeus longicaudatus Hay Grey Drongo

Collected: Molem

\$37 g 128 27 19 88/143

Elsewhere noted: Canacona, in a mixed foraging party in forest.

Measurements of the races overlap and hence in the absence of a series only the area of collection, which is within the known wintering range, has been taken as the criterion for identification.

80. Dicrurus caerulescens caerulescens
(Linnaeus) Whitebellied Drongo
Collected: Molem
3 & & 36-40 g 123-131 25-26 19-21
110-122

Elsewhere noted: Canacona

81. Dicrurus aeneus aeneus Vicillot
Bronzed Drongo
Collected: Canacona

o? 23 g 113 23 17 90/105

Elsewhere noted: Molem

82. Dicrurus hottentottus hottentottus
(Linnaeus) Haircrested Drongo
Collected: Canacona, Valpoi
2 & & 81,82 g 165(2) 39,41 26,27
119,124 134,138

The bill measurements quoted from Vaurie in INDIAN HANDBOOK (5:133) as 26-30 mm for males are wrongly stated to be 'from skull'; actually they are 'from feathers'. SA. measures bill 'from skull' of his own specimens as

6 강 강 39-43, 8 우 우 36-42

83. Dicrurus paradiseus paradiseus Linnaeus Large Racket-tailed Drongo Collected: Molem & 80 g 154 32 28 racket feathers missing (moult?)
o? 84 g 163 36 28 420
Elsewhere noted: Canacona

84. Sturnus malabaricus (Gmelin) Greyheaded Myna

Noted: Maem environs, flock c. 30. The flock contained some unmistakable examples of the white-headed form *blythii*. Panaji.

85. Acridotheres tristis (Linnaeus)
Indian Myna
Noted: Canacona and elsewhere—particularly around habitations.

86. Acridotheres fuscus (Wagler)
Jungle Myna
Noted: Canacona

87. Dendrocitta vagabunda (Latham)
Tree Pie
Noted: Maem Lake environs; Molem,
Canacona.

88. Corvus splendens Vieillot House Crow Noted: Molem, Canacona, Panaji. Abundant. Vast roosting congregations in trees around the Circuit House and in Panaji city, whitening the ground below.

89. Corvus macrorhynchos Wagler Jungle Crow

Noted: Molem, Canacona, Maem and Bicholim environs. Commoner than *splendens* around outlying hamlets.

- 90. Hemipus picatus picatus (Sykes)
 Pied Flycatcher-Shrike
 Collected: Canacona
 39 g 60 15 12 56
- 92. Tephrodornis pondicerianus (Gmelin)
 Common or Lesser Wood Shrike
 Noted: Maem Lake environs. Molem,
 Canacona
- 93. Coracina novaehollandiae (Gmelin) Large Cuckoo-Shrike Noted: Canacona
- 94. Coracina melanoptera sykesi (Strickland)
 Blackheaded Cuckoo-Shrike
 Collected: Molem
 o? 30 g 108 20 —
 Elsewhere noted: Canacona
- 95. Pericrocotus flammeus flammeus
 (Forster) Orange Minivet
 Collected: Molem
 326 g 92 19 17 80
 Elsewhere noted: Canacona, in mixed foraging parties in forest.

96. Pericrocotus roseus roseus (Vieillot)
Rosy Minivet
Collected: Canacona

9 18 g 81 17 15 82

No yellow except on the speculum, tail, and under wing-coverts. Probably an immature bird. There is no record from or around Goa. Recorded as occasional winter visitor in Maharashtra, Kerala and Madhya Pradesh.

97. Pericrocotus cinnamomeus malabaricus (Gmelin) Small Minivet Collected: Valpoi

♂10 g 67 13 16 68 An immature bird whose racial status has been decided only by range.

Elsewhere noted: Molem, Canacona

98. Aegithina tiphia deignani Hall Iora Collected: Canacona

♂15g 65 19 19 47

Subspecific status decided by range. Plumage and measurements are not markedly different from other subcontinental races.

Elsewhere noted: Molem

99. Chloropsis aurifrons frontalis (Pelzeln) Goldfronted Chloropsis

Collected: Molem

♀ 30 g 88 20 16 60

Elsewhere: Canacona. In mixed foraging parties in forest. Subspecies based on known and arbitrarily fixed range of distribution, though the specimen is somewhat smaller.

100. Chloropsis cochinchinensis jerdoni

(Blyth) Jerdon's Chloropsis

Collected: Canacona

♂30 g 92 24 19 71 ♀26 g 84 24 19 65

The male appears immature as the throat is only patchily black and without the yellowish penumbra.

101. Irena puella puella (Latham)

Fairy Bluebird

Collected: Molem

366 g 123 29 19 97

♀ 57 g 121 26 20 96

Elsewhere noted: Canacona, in mixed foraging parties in forest.

102. Pycnonotus priocephalus (Jerdon)

Greyheaded Bulbul

Collected: Molem, Canacona

4 d d 21-28 76-77 15-17 16(4) 72-80

The chin colour (black) is restricted in all the four specimens and does not extend to the throat as in some examples in the BNHS collection. But this character is not consistent, and both types are found within more or less the same geographical range.

103. Pycnonotus melanicterus gularis (Gould) Rubythroated Yellow Bulbul Collected: Molem 2 ♂ ♂ 18,22 g 75,80 15(2) 15,17 70,76 2 ♀ ♀ 15,19 72,73 15(2) 16,17 69(1) Elsewhere noted: Canacona

The occurrence of this bulbul in Goa, questioned in the INDIAN HANDBOOK (6:73), is now confirmed.

104. Pycnonotus jocosus fuscicaudatus
(Gould) Redwhiskered Bulbul
Collected: Molem
3 28 g 85 20 22 80
Elsewhere noted: Canacona, Maem

105. Pycnonotus cafer (Linnaeus) Redvented Bulbul Noted: Molem, Canacona

106. Pycnonotus luteolus luteolus (Lesson)
Whitebrowed Bulbul
Collected: Canacona

§ 31 g 87 20 22 81
Common in bush country.

107. Hypsipetes indicus indicus (Jerdon)
Yellowbrowed Bulbul
Collected: Valpoi
3 & 31-35 g 89-95 20-22 18-20 80-81
2 & 2 28,31 g 89,93 20,21 19,20 76,81
Elsewhere noted: Canacona. In mixed foraging parties in forest.

108. Hypsipetes madagascariensis (P.L.S. Müller) Black Bulbul Noted: Molem, Canacona

109. Pellorneum ruficeps ruficeps Swainson Spotted Babbler Collected: Molem ♂31 g 77 20 28 72 2♀♀ 26,27 g 69(2) 20(1) 27(2) 60(1) Elsewhere noted: Canacona

110. Pomatorhinus schisticeps Hodgson Scimitar Babbler Noted: Molem

111. Rhopocichla atriceps atriceps (Jerdon)
Blackheaded Babbler
Collected: Molem, Canacona
3 ♂ ♂ 15-16 g 56-60 14-16 22-24 49-50

112. Turdoides subrufus subrufus (Jerdon)
Rufous Babbler
Collected: Molem

\$\sigma 57 \, \text{g} \quad 92 \quad 23 \quad 35 \quad 114 \\
\$\sigma 58 \, \text{g} \quad 90 \quad 22 \quad 35 \quad 107

113. Turdoides striatus somervilleii (Sykes)
Jungle Babbler
Collected: Molem
2 ♂ ♂ 66,69g 98,101 23(2) 36,37 94,100
Elsewhere noted: Canacona

114. Alcippe poioicephala poioicephala (Jerdon) Quaker Babbler Collected: Molem, Canacona, Valpoi 2 & 17,20g 72,73 16,17 22,23 64,66 2 & 20,21 g 70,74 16,18 22(2) 65(2) 1 & juv.

Foraging parties, often high up in trees.

Brownbreasted Flycatcher
Collected: Molem
♂12 g 70 16 15 52
2 ♀ ♀ 10,10 g 69,72 16,16 14,15 48,49
o? 10 g 71 17 15 51
Elsewhere noted: Canacona

116. Muscicapa parva parva Bechstein Redbreasted Flycatcher Collected: Molem o? 8 g 66 11 14 46 Elsewhere noted: Canacona

117. Muscicapa superciliaris superciliaris
Jerdon Whitebrowed Blue Flycatcher
Collected: Molem
38 g 62 15 15 46

118. Muscicapa pallipes Jerdon Whitebellied Blue Flycatcher Collected: Molem & 20 g 78 17 19 63 3 ♀ ♀ 18-20 g 70-73 17-18 19(3) 55-56

Elsewhere noted: Canacona

- 119. Muscicapa rubeculoides rubeculoides
 (Vigors) Bluethroated Flycatcher
 Collected: Valpoi

 3 13 g 74 14 18 53

 0? 12 g 70 14 17 51
- 120. Muscicapa tickelliae (Blyth)
 Tickell's Redbreasted Blue Flycatcher
 Collected: Molem, Valpoi
 2♂♂ 14(2)g 72,73 15,17 18(2) 55(2)
 2♀♀ 13,17 g 69,71 15,17 17,19 55(2)
 Elsewhere noted: Canacona
- 121. Muscicapa thalassina thalassina Swainson Verditer Flycatcher Collected: Molem, Valpoi & 17 g 84 13 15 — \$ 17 g 80 13 16 64 Elsewhere noted: Canacona
- 122. Terpsiphone paradisi leucogaster
 (Swainson) Paradise Flycatcher
 Collected: Molem
 3 17 g 92 24 17 242
 Male in chestnut plumage with white underparts, presumably on migration.
 Noted: Molem, Canacona; in mixed foraging parties in forest, possibly with other subspecies.
- 123. Monarcha azurea styani (Hartlaub)
 Blacknaped Monarch Flycatcher
 Collected: Valpoi, Molem

 \$\sigma 9 g 69 17 69\$
 2 \(\text{\$\geq} \) \(9,11 g 68,69 15(2) 16,17 65,67 \)
 Elsewhere noted: Maem environs, Canacona
- In mixed foraging parties in forest.

 124. Orthotomus sutorius (Pennant)

 Tailor Bird

Noted: Molem, Canacona and elsewhere

125. Acrocephalus dumetorum Blyth
Blyth's Reed Warbler
Collected: Molem

♂ 10 g 62 18 23 50 ♀ 11 g 62 18 23 53 Elsewhere noted: Canacona

126. Phylloscopus tytleri Brooks
Tytler's Leaf Warbler
Collected: Canacona
67 g 58 13 18 42

Very little is known of its wintering habits. So far only three specimens have been recorded, south of its breeding area. The records are from Khandala, Londa and Nilgiris. This specimen from Goa is thus the fourth record from the western ghats and it may be assumed that *Phylloscopus tytleri* is a regular winter visitor to the western ghats. The specimen has worn wing and tail feathers.

- 127. Phylloscopus griseolus Blyth
 Olivaceous Leaf Warbler
 Collected: Molem
 38 g 64 14 18 48
 This species is known to winter down to
 North Kanara.
- 128. Phylloscopus occipitalis occipitalis
 (Blyth) Large Crowned Leaf Warbler
 Collected: Molem, Canacona
 3 & & 8(3)g 65-67 13-15 18-19 49-51
 o? 8 g 62 15 17 47
- 129. Copsychus saularis (Linnaeus) Magpie Robin

Noted: Bicholim; Canacona; Molem 130. Copsychus malabaricus malabaricus

30. Copsychus malabaricus malabaricus
(Scopoli) Shama
Collected: Canacona; in mixed foraging parties in forest.

9 28 g 88 19 26 122

Placed in the nominate race by locality. This and the neighbouring race *indicus* are separated only by the length of the tail which averages shorter in the latter. The tail of this specimen is within the overlapping limits of both the races.

131. Phoenicurus ochruros (S. G. Gmelin)

Redstart

Noted: Molem

132. Saxicoloides fulicata (Linnaeus)

Indian Robin

Noted: Canacona. Common generally.

- 133. Monticola cinclorhynchus (Vigors)
 Blueheaded Rock Thrush
 Collected: Molem, Canacona.
 3 & 3 32-33g 99-103 22-24 24-26 65-69
 o? 31 g 98 22 24 64
 Elsewhere noted: Canacona. In mixed foraging parties in forest.
- 143. Monticola solitarius (Linnaeus)
 Blue Rock Thrush
 Noted: Molem, Canacona.
- 135. Myiophoneus horsfieldii (Vigors) Malabar Whistling Thrush Noted: Molem
- 136. Zoothera citrina cyanotus (Jardine & Selby) Whitethroated Ground Thrush Collected: Molem, Valpoi 2 & 48,52g 105,109 23,24 30,32 70,72 Elsewhere noted: Canacona
- 137. Turdus merula nigropileus (Lafresnaye)
 Blackcapped Blackbird
 Collected: Molem, Valpoi
 2 & 6 69,73g 121,129 25,26 32(2) 91,93
 One of the specimens (No. 50) comes
 under nigropileus by plumage, measurements
 and range of distribution.

The other specimen (No. 135) differs as follows: It does not have a distinct collar behind nape. It is possibly not fully adult as seen from pale brownish edges to the upper wing-coverts. But as immature it should also have streaks on the throat and other places which are totally lacking in this specimen, and, but for the upper wing-coverts it is adult plumage. By plumage the bird belongs to the subspecies *simillimus*. Measurements are within the known limits. The only difference then would be the bill which was dark with orange

gape which is known to be a colour variation in *nigropileus* HANDBOOK 9:119 (1973). In *T. merula simillimus* the bill colour is recorded as only orange yellow.

The implication here is: 1. The specimen is of the subspecies *T. merula simillimus* and its bill colour, possibly an unrecorded variation.

or 2. A hybrid between the subspecies nigropileus and simillimus.

The latter (2) is more acceptable as the place of collection is the transitional area of the two subspecies.

Elsewhere noted: Canacona, in mixed foraging party in forest.

133. Sitta frontalis frontalis Swainson Velvetfronted Nuthatch Collected: Molem & 12 g 72 14 18 38

139. Anthus hodgsoni ssp? Tree Pipit

Collected: Molem 3 22 g 85 14 21 60

Two subspecies namely *hodgsoni* and *yunnanensis* are known to winter in India. It is difficult to place this single specimen under either.

140. Anthus trivialis (Linnaeus) Tree Pipit Collected: Molem

♂21 g c. 84 15 22 c. 60

The specimen cannot be placed with certainty with either *trivialis* or *haringtoni* the two subspecies that winter in the Peninsula. *Haringtoni* is more earth brown, less olive above, and its bill is slightly broader at the base.

Elsewhere noted: Canacona

141. Motacilla indica Gmelin

Forest Wagtail
Collected: Molem

♂ 16 g 85 16 22 72

142. Motacilla caspica (Gmelin)

BIRDS OF GOA

Grey Wagtail Noted: Molem

143. Motacilla maderaspatensis Gmelin Large Pied Wagtail

Noted: Near Mapsa 144. *Dicaeum agile* (Tickell) Thickbilled Flowerpecker

Noted: Valpoi

145. Dicaeum concolor Jerdon
Plaincoloured Flowerpecker
Collected: Molem, Canacona.
3 φ φ 5-6.5 g 45-45.5 11-13 12.5(2)
21-23

146. Nectarinia zeylonica sola (Vieillot)
Purplerumped Sunbird
Collected: Canacona
& 8 g 56 19 17 35
Elsewhere noted: Molem: commonly on flowering Loranthus clumps.

147. Nectarinia minima (Sykes)
Small Sunbird
Collected: Molem, Valpoi
2 φ φ 5(2)g 41,44 14(2) 13,14 24,25
Elsewhere noted: Canacona

148. Nectarinia lotenia hindustanica
(Whistler) Maroonbreasted Sunbird
Collected: Molem

38 g 57 28 15 38
Subspecies identified by locality.
Elsewhere noted: Canacona

149. Nectarinia asiatica asiatica (Latham)
Purple Sunbird
Collected: Molem

8g 57 22 15 34 Elsewhere noted: Canacona

In regular attendance on flowering Loranthus abundantly parasiting 3 species of Terminalia in Molem forest.

150. Passer domesticus (Linnaeus)House SparrowNoted: Common and abundant at Panaii.

151. Petronia xanthocollis (Burton) Yellowthroated Sparrow Noted: Molem, Canacona

152. Ploceus philippinus philippinus (Linnaeus) Baya Weaver Bird Collected: Molem \$\displays 25g 65 18 22 42

153. Lonchura striata striata (Linnaeus)
Whitebacked Munia
Collected: Valpoi
o? 11 g 52 12 14 40

154. Emberiza melanocephala Scopoli Blackheaded Bunting Collected: Molem

\$\phi\$ 25 g 89 17 23 67

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